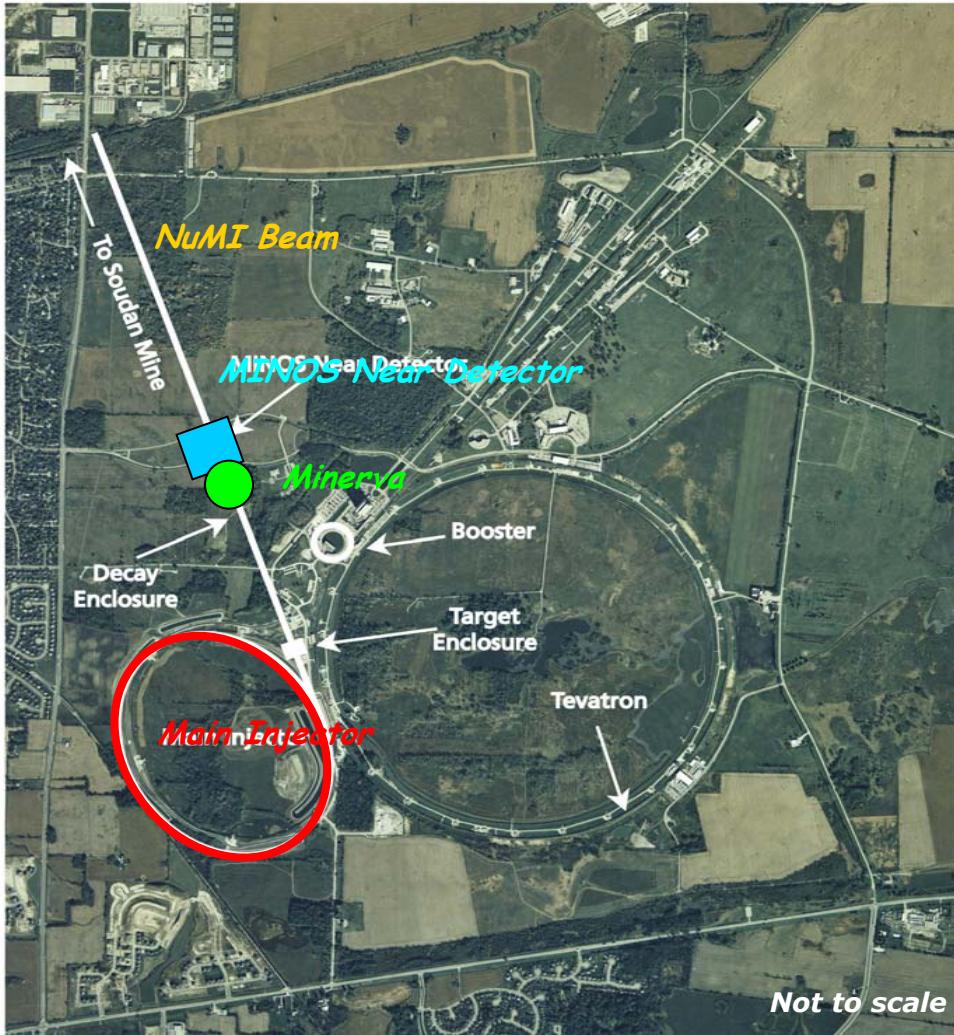




# Minerva (E-938)

**Gabriel Niculescu**  
**James Madison University**  
**PANIC05 Neutrino Satellite**  
**Meeting**

*Goals*  
*Current Status*  
*Outlook*





# What is Minerva?

- + *MINERVA is a compact, fully active neutrino detector designed to study neutrino-nucleus interactions in detail at high statistics*
- + *Uniquely positioned (NuMI near Hall) to provide critical input for the world neutrino oscillation program ("neutrino engineering" ...)*
- + *Proton structure & nuclear effects in axial current ("JLab mid-west")*
- + *Fruitful HEP-NP collaboration*

# Who is (in) Minerva?



- D. Drakoulakos, P. Stamoulis, G. Tzanakos, M. Zois  
University of Athens, Greece
- D. Casper#, J. Dunmore, C. Regis, B. Ziemer  
University of California, Irvine
- E. Paschos  
University of Dortmund
- D. Boehnlein, D. A. Harris#, N. Grossman, J. Kilmer, M. Kostin, J.G. Morfin\*, A. Pladalmau, P. Rubinov, P. Shanahan, P. Spentzouris  
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
- I. Albayrak, M.E. Christy, C.E. Keppel, V. Tsvaskis  
Hampton University
- R. Burnstein, O. Kamaev, N. Solomey  
Illinois Institute of Technology
- S. Kulagin  
Institute for Nuclear Research, Russia
- I. Niculescu, G. Niculescu  
James Madison University
- G. Blazey, M.A.C. Cummings, V. Rykalin  
Northern Illinois University
- W.K. Brooks, A. Bruell, R. Ent, D. Gaskell,  
W. Melnitchouk, S. Wood  
Jefferson Lab
- \* Co-Spokespersons
- # MINERVA Executive Committee

- L. Aliaga, J.L. Bazo, A. Gago,  
Pontificia Universidad Catolica del Peru
- S. Boyd, S. Dytman, M.-S. Kim, D. Naples, V. Paolone  
University of Pittsburgh
- A. Bodek, R. Bradford, H. Budd, J. Chvojka,  
P. de Barbaro, R. Flight, S. Manly, K. McFarland\*,  
J. Park, W. Sakumoto, J. Steinman  
University of Rochester
- R. Gilman, C. Glasshauser, X. Jiang,  
G. Kumbartzki, R. Ransome#, E. Schulte  
Rutgers University
- A. Chakravorty  
Saint Xavier University
- D. Cherdack, H. Gallagher, T. Kafka,  
W.A. Mann, W. Oliver  
Tufts University
- R. Ochoa, O. Pereyra, J. Solano  
Universidad Nacional de Ingenieria. Lima, Peru
- J.K. Nelson#, F.X. Yumiceva  
The College of William and Mary

*A collaboration of Particle, Nuclear,  
and Theoretical physicists*



# Why Minerva? (I)

- + Inherent interest in the phenomena of low-energy neutrino-nucleus scattering:
  - + Axial vector FF
  - + Coherent  $\pi$  production
  - + Resonance & transition (2DIS) data
  - + Duality in neutrino scattering
  - + Strange particles



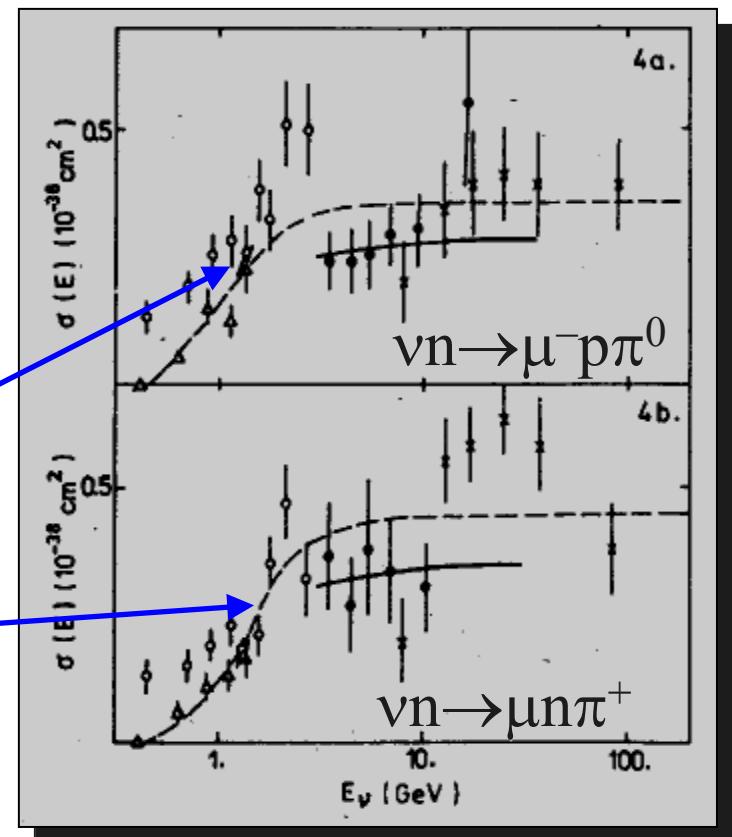
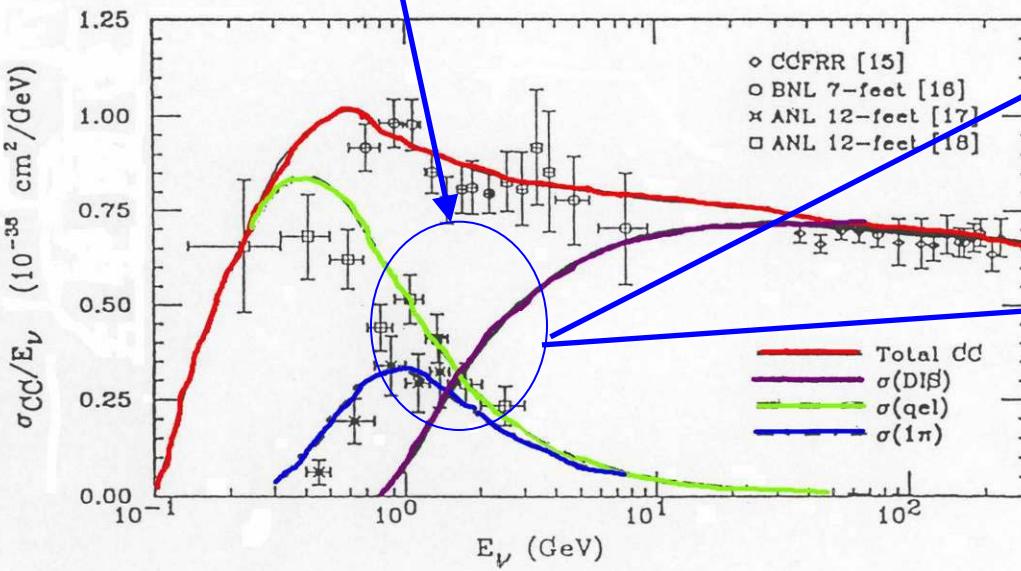
# Why Minerva? (II)

- + “BASF effect”: Provide knowledge that will help improve/enhance other neutrino studies (read “oscillations”)
- + *mass splitting ( $\Delta m^2$ ) measurements in  $\nu_\mu$  disappearance (Minos)*
  - +  $E_{vis} \neq E_\nu \rightarrow$  ultimate precision in ( $\Delta m^2$ )
  - + Measurement of  $\nu$ -initiated nuclear effects
- + *electron appearance ( $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ ) (Nova)*
  - + Better background estimates
  - + Intra-nuclear charge exchange
  - + A-dependence



# Why do we need to know more about neutrino cross-sections?

- + In the few GeV neutrino energy (relevant for osc. expt's)...
  - + Errors on  $\sigma_{\text{total}}$  are large
    - + A-dependence data - scarce
  - + Understanding of backgrounds needs differential cross-sections on target
  - + Theoretically difficult region: transition from elastic to DIS





# Goals for Minerva?

- + Axial form factor of the nucleon
- + Resonance production in both NC & CC neutrino interactions
- + Coherent pion production
- + Nuclear effects
- + Strange Particle Production
- + Parton distribution functions (PDFs)
- + Generalized parton distributions (GPDs)



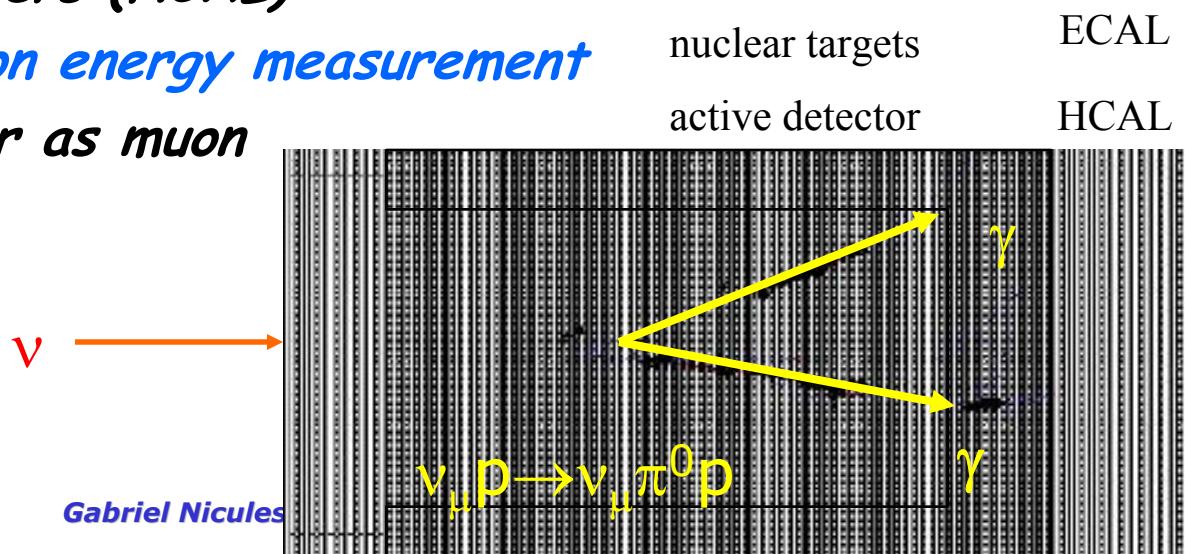
# Requirements for Minerva

- + Intense neutrino beam (*NuMI*)
- + Improved systematics in Neutrino Flux (*MIPP*)
- + Variety of targets (*A*-dependence)
- + Detector with:
  - + Good tracking resolution
  - + Good momentum resolution
  - + Timing (strange particles)
  - + Particle ID (exclusive final states)
- + ...all in an affordable package...

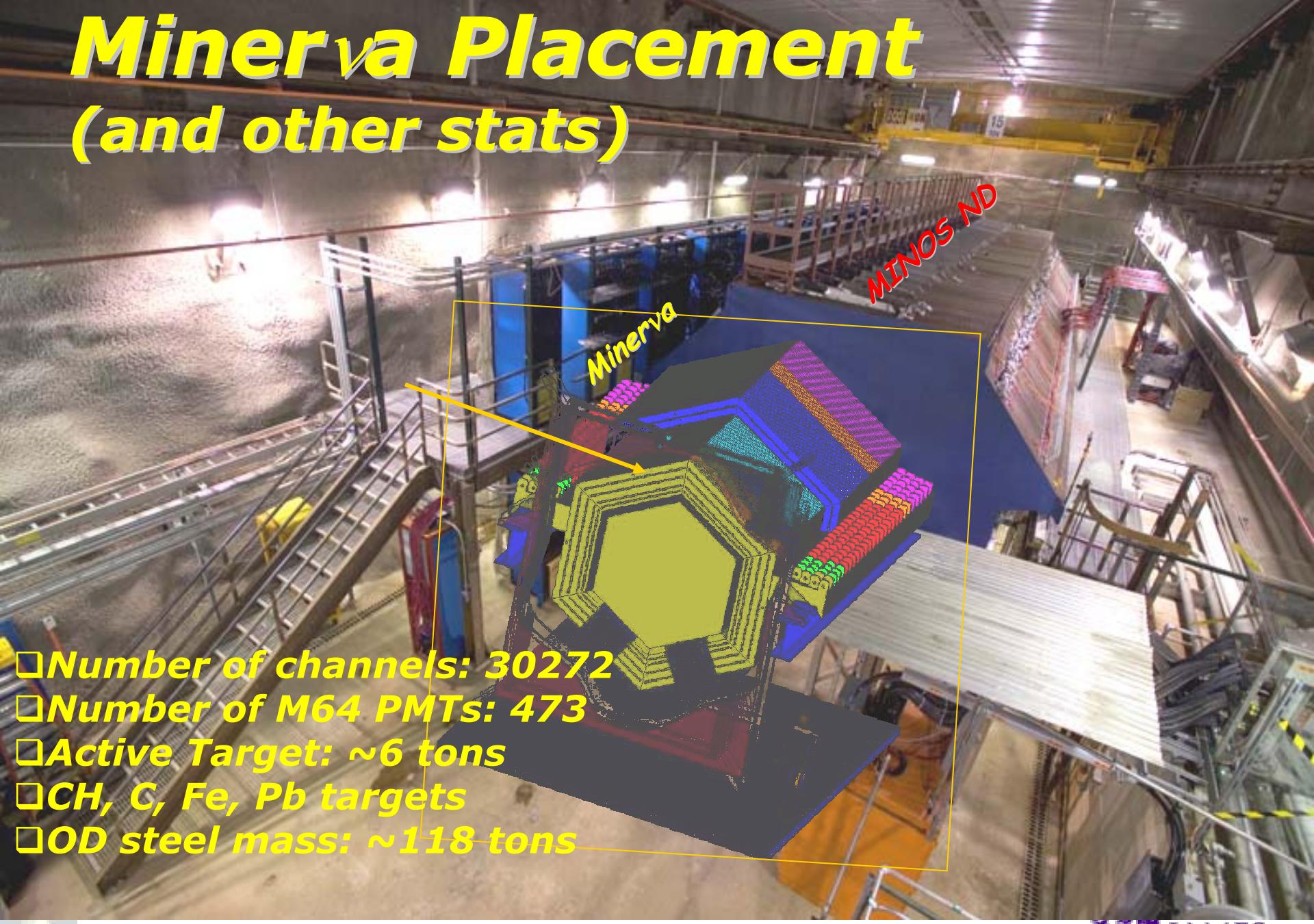


# Minerva Design

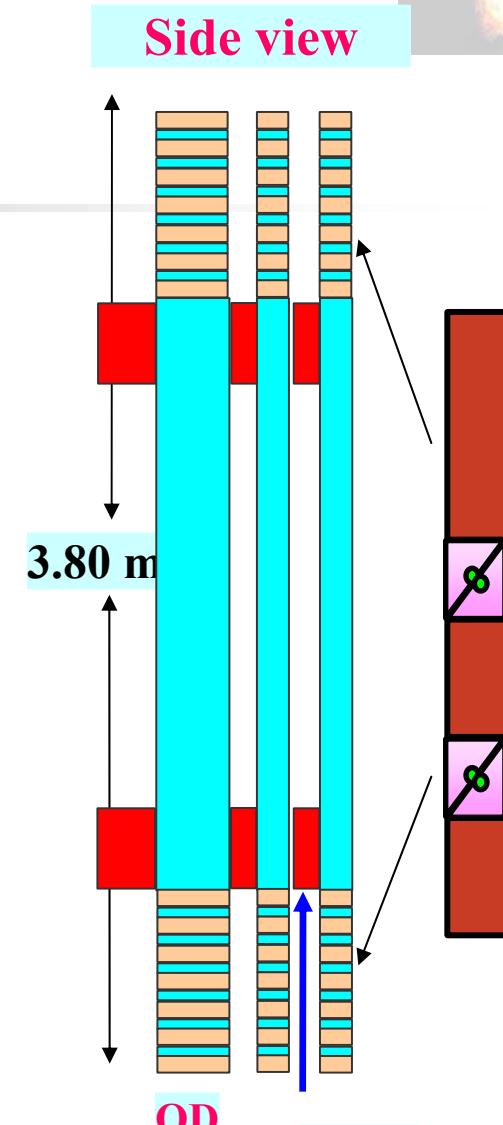
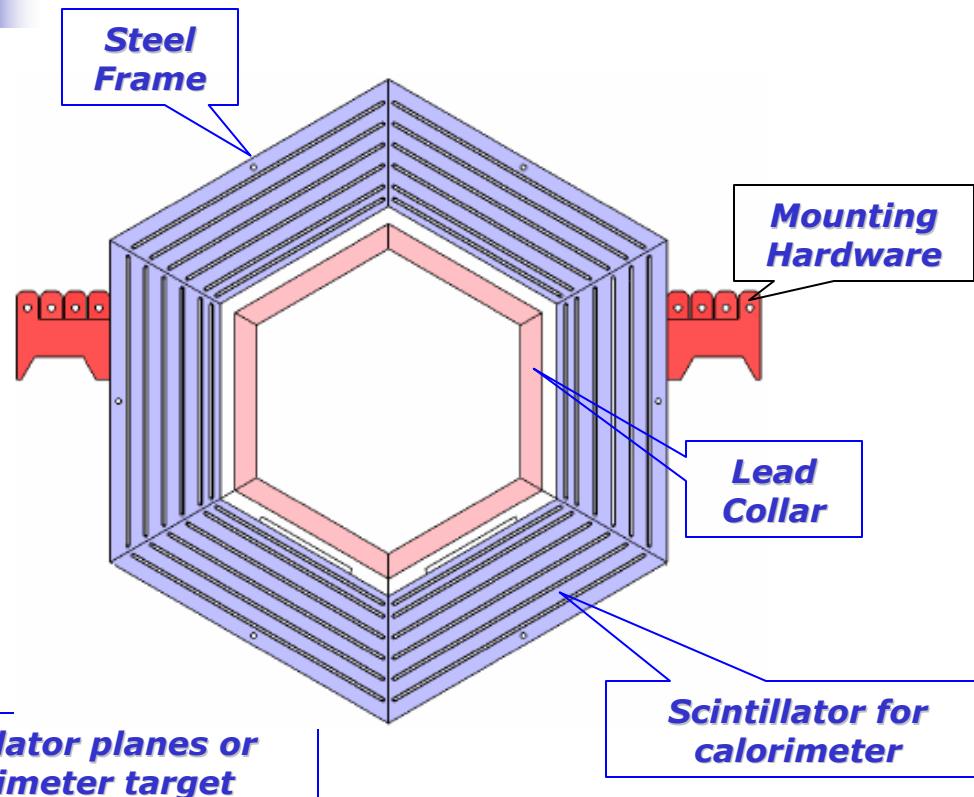
- + low-risk detector with simple, well-understood technology
- + Segmented solid scintillators - active core
  - + Tracking (including low momentum)
  - + PID
  - + 3 ns (RMS) per hit timing (track direction, stopped  $K^\pm$ )
- + Core surrounded by electromagnetic (ECAL) and hadronic calorimeters (HCAL)
  - + Photon ( $\pi^0$ ) & hadron energy measurement
- + MINOS Near Detector as muon spectrometer



# *Minerva Placement (and other stats)*



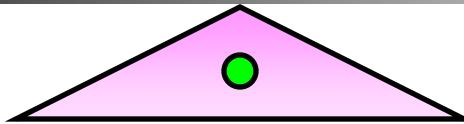
# Minerva Detector Structure



# Minerva Building Block(s)

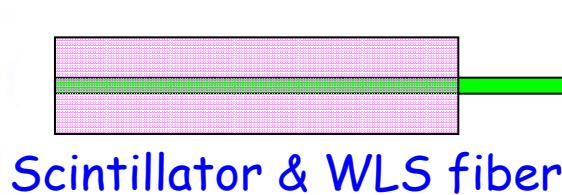


Scintillator



$1.7 \times 3.3 \text{ cm}^2$  strips

Wave Length Shifting (WLS) fiber  
readout in center hole

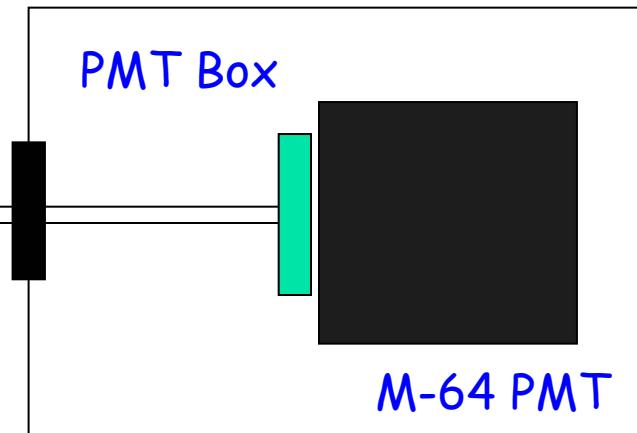


Scintillator & WLS fiber



Optical Conn.

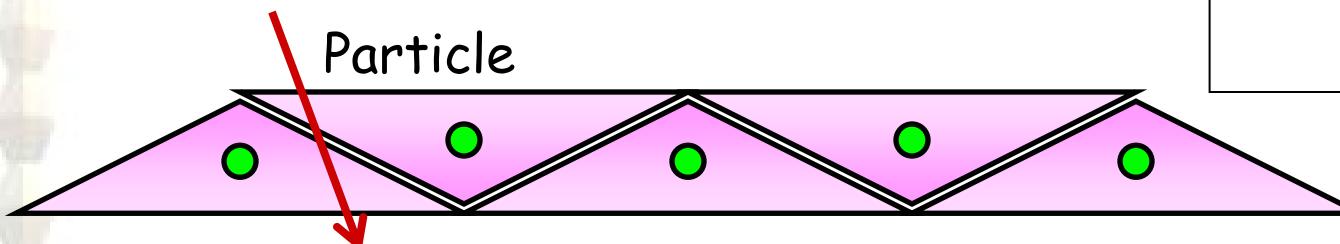
Clear fiber



PMT Box

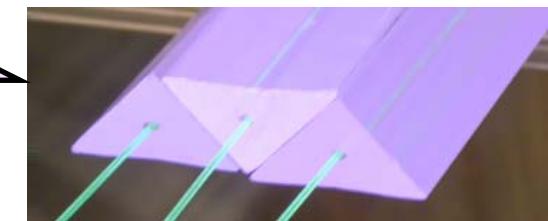
M-64 PMT

Particle



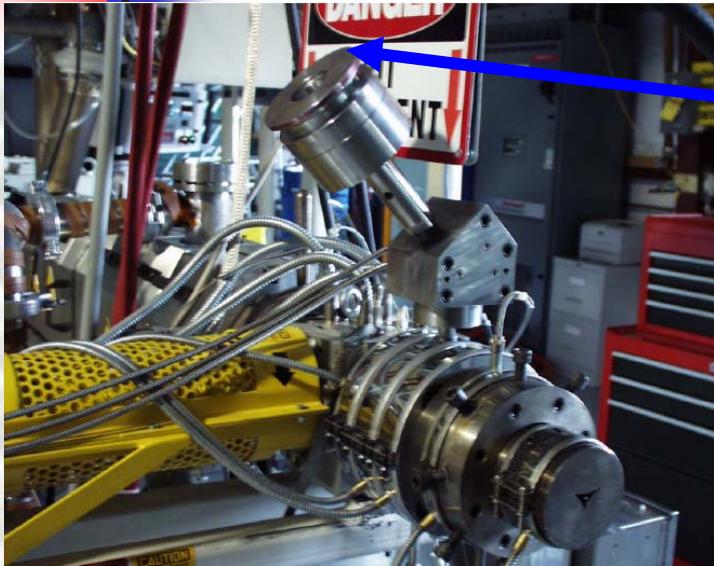
❑ For the Inner Detector, scintillator is assembled into 128 strip scintillator planes

❑ Position determined by charge sharing

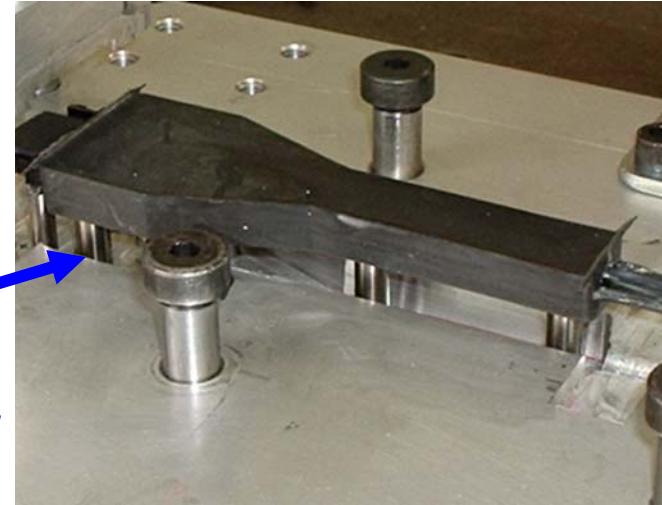


# Minerva R&D Progress:

## Scintillator, Fibers, Connectors

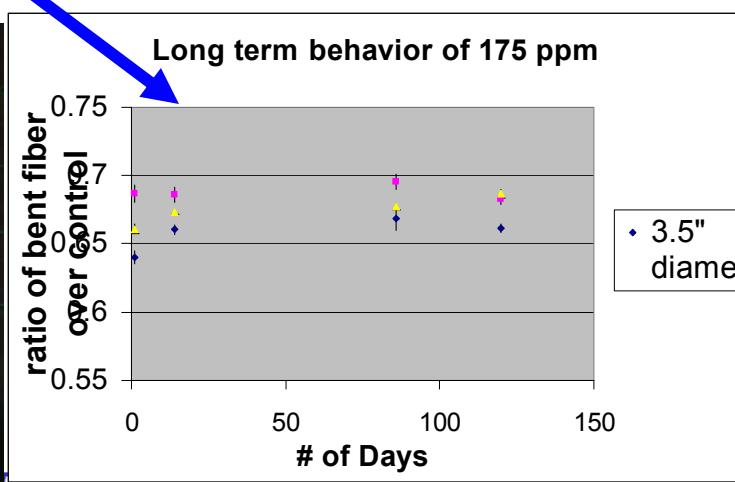


Co-extruder  
at NICADD-  
FNAL:



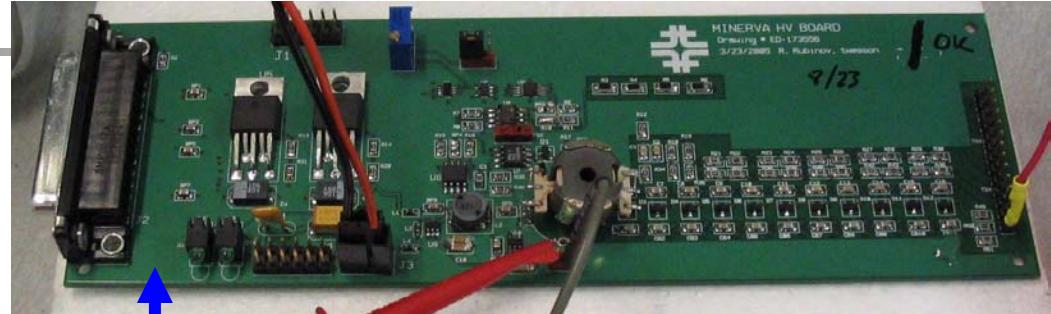
Optical Cable  
Mold Production  
Rochester

Fiber Bend Tests  
Rochester



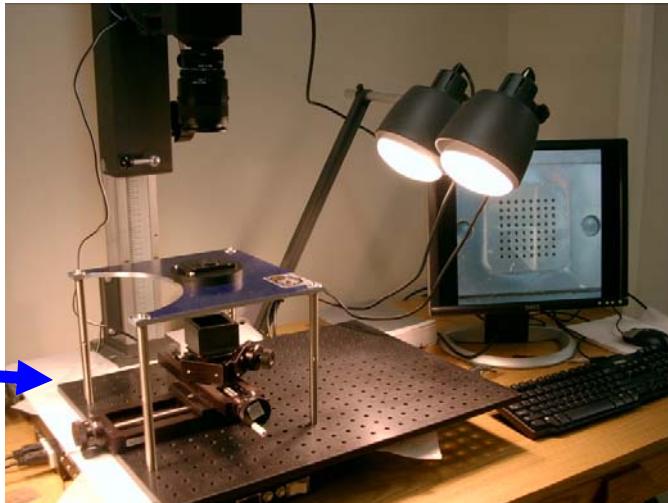
# Minerva R&D Progress:

PMTs, Boxes, Electronics



Alignment Piece  
Factory: Tufts

PMT Alignment  
Station: JMU



10/24/2005

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Gabriel Niculescu, PANIC05 Neutrino Satellite Meeting

PMT Box Prototype at Tufts  
 JAMES MADISON UNIVERSITY



# Minerva Event Rates



Fiducial Volume:

3 tons CH,  $\approx 0.6 + C$ ,  $\approx 1 + Fe$  and  $\approx 1 + Pb$

Expected CC event samples:

8.6 M n events in CH

1.4 M n events in C

2.9 M n events in Fe

2.9 M n events in Pb

Assumes  $16.0 \times 10^{20}$  in  
LE, ME, and HE NuMI  
beam configurations  
over 4 years

## Main CC Physics Topics (*Statistics in CH*)

Quasi-elastic

0.8 M events

Resonance Production

1.6 M total

Transition: Resonance to DIS

2 M events

DIS, Structure Funcs. and high- $x$  PDFs

4.1 M DIS events

Coherent Pion Production

85 K CC / 37 K NC

Strange and Charm Particle Production  
reconstructed

> 230 K fully

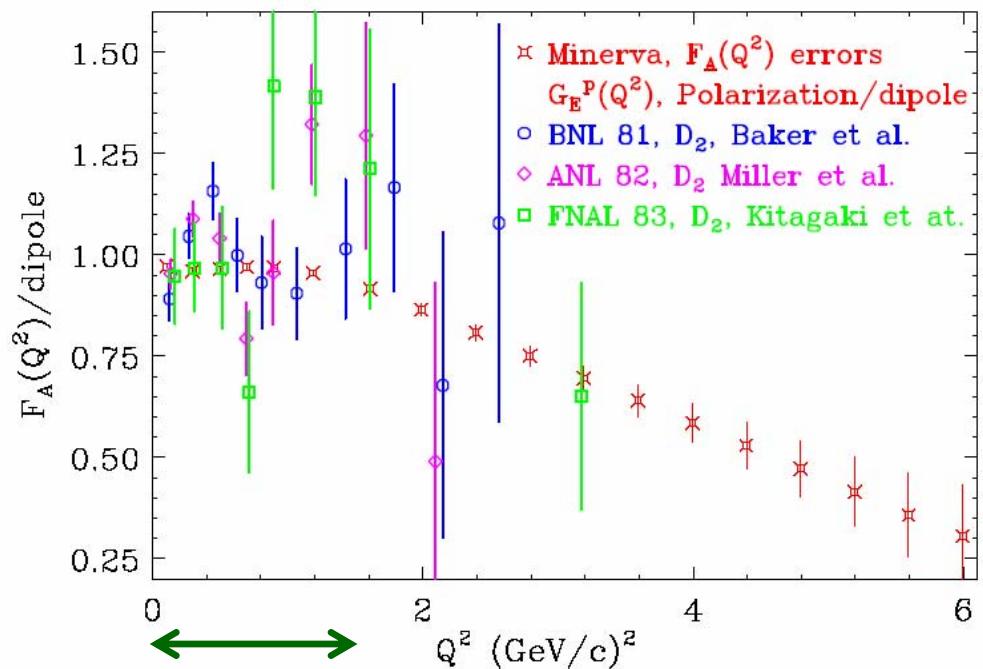
# Minerva & Axial Form Factors



- Vector form factors measured with electrons
- $G_E/G_M$  ratio varies with  $Q^2$  - a surprise from JLab
- Axial form factor poorly known
- Medium effects for  $F_A$ ??
  - check with C, Fe, & Pb targets

## Projected MINERvA Measurement of Axial FF

QE scattering,  $\nu_\mu$ ,  $F_A(Q^2)/\text{dipole}$ ,  $M_A = 1.014 \text{ GeV}$

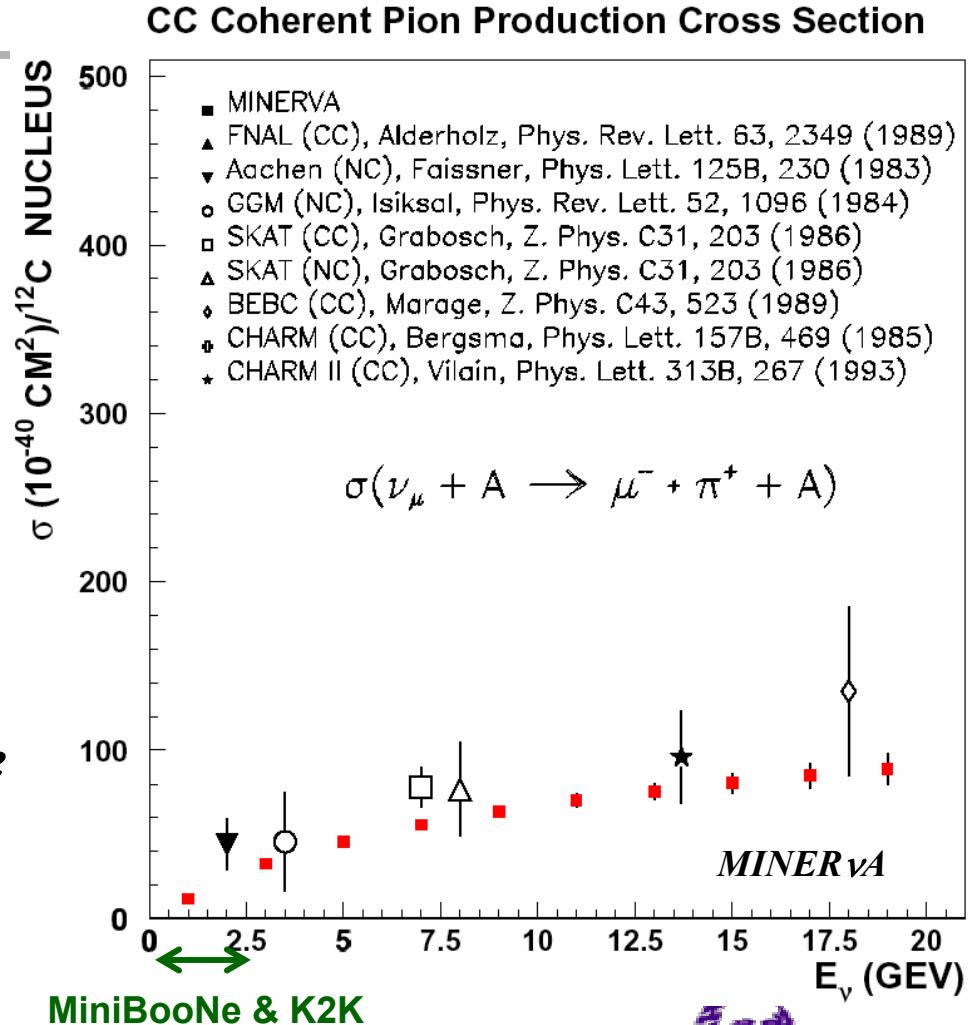


Range of MiniBooNE & K2K measurements

# Minerva & Coherent Pion Production



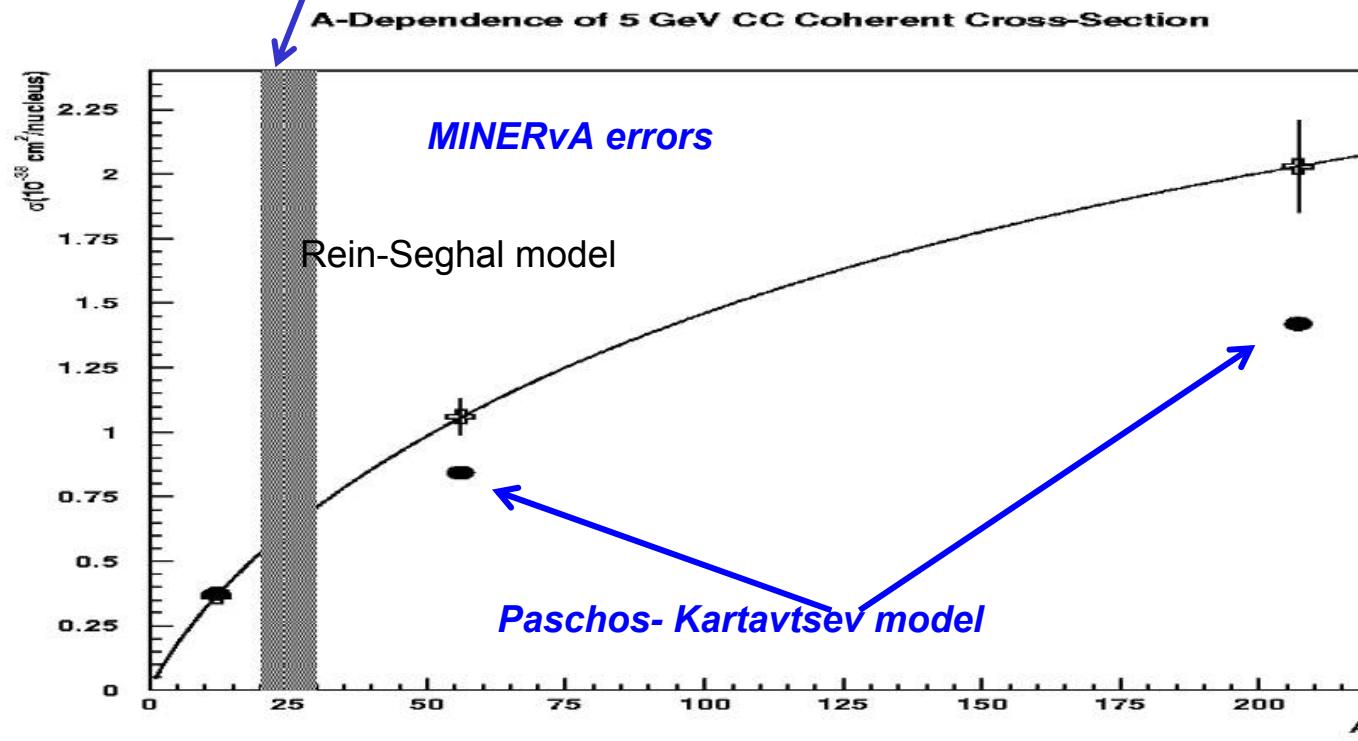
- + small energy transfer to the nucleus, forward going  $\pi$ .
- + data cannot discriminate between models.
- + MINERVA: 30-40% det. Eff. (5-25k events)
- + Can also study  $A$ -dependence



# Minerva & Coherent Pion Production (II)



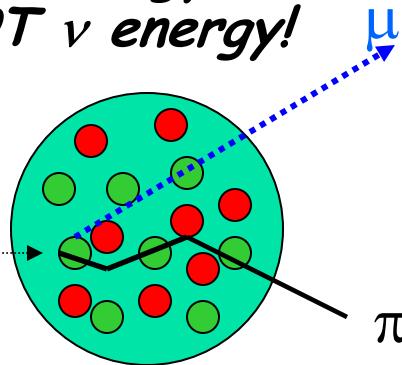
A-range of current measurements before K2K !



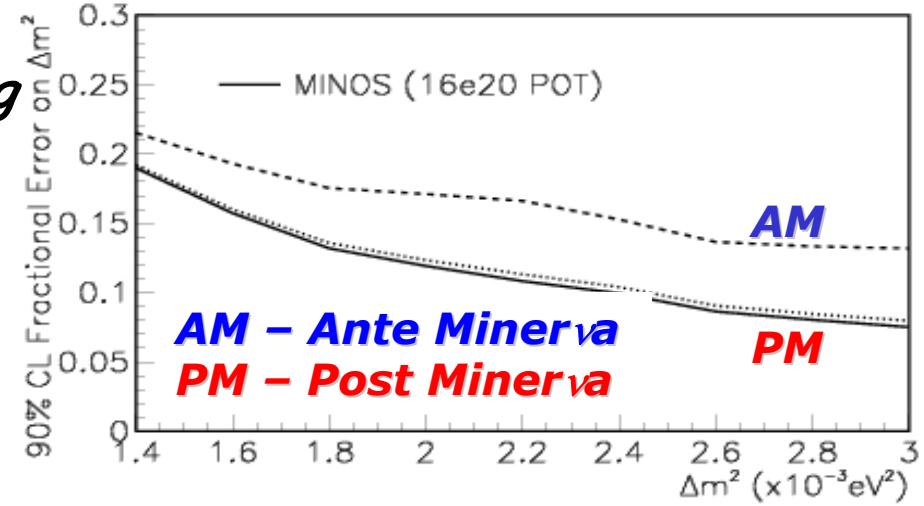
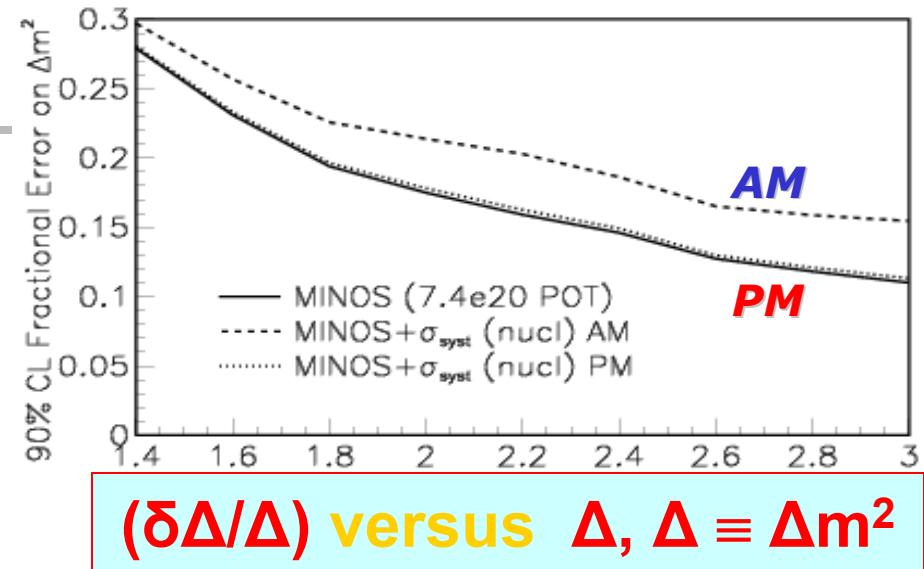
# Minerva's impact... MINOS



- Visible Energy in Calorimeter is NOT  $\nu$  energy!



- $\pi$  absorption, rescattering
- final state rest mass
- nuclear Effects studied only w/ Charged Lepton Scattering, from Deuterium to Lead, at High energies





# OUTLOOK

- + *Minerva is poised to test  $\nu$ -A models over a wide range of energies*
- + *NuMI beamline:*
  - + *tunable 1 - 20 GeV*
  - + *precisely known neutrino flux*
- + *The MINERvA detector - optimized for both inclusive and exclusive reactions*
- + *... is being built as we speak!*
  - + *first signal - summer '08*
  - + *begin operations - end '08*